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Research on Problem Formulations in Resource-aware Problems Across Scientific Domains and Applications

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Abstract. In this paper we conducted thorough analysis of research papers focused 9 on resource aware problems and using one of the following formulations: integer 10 linear programming (ILP), greedy algorithms (GrA), dynamic programming (DP), 11 evolutionary algorithms (EA) and machine learning (ML). Basing on such general 12 problem formulations we identified actual research tasks considered in many dif-13 ferent domains. Furthermore, we analyzed each of these problems in terms of: resources being considered/subject to optimization, specific optimization algorithms, 15 if applicable, and domains. Finally, based on over 170^1 research papers, we as-16 sessed which particular resources like: time, cost, energy, human, computer, natural 17 resources, data/information are used in which problems formulations, which formu-18 lations and resources are used and considered in which application/domains. It can 19 serve as reference for algorithms in particular domains or, conversely, looking for 20 unexplored approaches in specific contexts. 21

Keywords: resource aware problems, resource, domain, integer linear programming, greedy approach, dynamic programming, evolutionary algorithm, machine
 learning.

1. Introduction and Motivation

Research in various domains is inevitably linked with specific resources as well as opti-26 mization problems. Such optimization problems are typically expressed as multi-objective 27 optimization that involves metrics referring to the given domain, in particular resources in 28 a given domain. We can distinguish physical resources such as computers, interconnects, 29 cooling systems, human resources in a cloud computing center as well as more general 30 resources such as time, energy, budget etc. We shall note that in optimization problems 31 certain metrics are often linked to particular physical, problem specific resources e.g.: 32 performance or power consumption of a computer node. These, in turn, can be reflected 33 in metrics describing such a resource, i.e., execution time and energy used within a par-34 ticular period. These can then be used in a multi-objective optimization. We shall note 35 that optimization often involves trade-offs, e.g., performance vs energy [36,45], perfor-36 mance vs security [120], performance vs storage [79], performance vs memory [18,13], 37 performance vs ease of programming/development effort [84]. 38

¹ the total number of over 190 citations includes also references to related work.

- 2 Paweł Czarnul and Mariusz Matuszek
- While researching the topic of resource aware optimization we observed that in the
- ² literature there are several review papers considering specific resources within a particular
- ³ domain. These include, for example:
- 4 renewable energy [8,122]
- ⁵ human resources management [69,23,59],
- 6 computer systems, e.g., cloud computing [68,4],
- telecommunication [152],
- ⁸ education [180],
- natural resources management [138,22],
- ¹⁰ tourism [118,55,151],
- manufacturing [132],
- ¹² health [73,158],
- ¹³ transport [115],
- ¹⁴ space [117],
- disaster management [20,3].

¹⁶ We also identified some research papers on multidisciplinary (design) optimization, e.g.,

¹⁷ [37]. On the hand, to the best of our knowledge, there is no research on applicability of

specific optimization problem formulations across various domains, with consideration of
 resources and metrics.

In this paper, we aim at conducting cross-domain analysis of research works that involve resource aware problems, in terms of resources / metrics considered, problem formulations and domains they target.

This paper is a very significantly extended version of workshop paper [39] that extends it in the following aspects:

Considering a new set of research works fetched from a reliable scientific database
 Scopus. While the former paper considered approximately 70 works, we have now
 considered more than 190 research papers.

Involving other problem formulations such as a more general evolutionary algorithm
 concept (versus genetic algorithms considered before) as well as the popular and
 important machine learning.

31 3. Final classification of the research versus a larger number of resources: 8 vs 7 as well
 as applications/domains: 15 vs 8, for a more thorough analysis.

The outline of the paper is as follows. Section 2 details the methodology we used for selection of research papers used as input for subsequent analysis. Section 3 contains analysis of identified resource aware problems across domains with identification of resources, metrics and problem formulations. Section 4 includes comprehensive analysis of the previous problem descriptions with cross linking resources and problem formulations, applications/domains and problem formulations as well as resources and domains. Finally, Section 5 contains summary and outline of possible future work.

40 2. Methodology for Selection of Source Scientific Works

In this paper we build on and significantly extend the results originally obtained in paper [39]. In that work, analysis was based on selected scientific papers found by the standard Google search engine returned for querying for combinations of a given prob lem formulation and phrases: *resource, resource-aware problems*. The original problem
 formulations included: integer linear programming, dynamic programming, greedy ap proach as well as genetic algorithm. Furthermore, this input data set has been extended
 with selected results returned by the Bing search engine, queried about *resource aware computing* and *resource aware computing problems*.

In this paper, we significantly extended our previous input data set by adding scien-7 tific papers returned by the Scopus database. We used an extended query which specified: integer linear programming (ILP), dynamic programming (DP), greedy approach, evo-9 lutionary algorithm (EA) (that encompasses the previously considered class of genetic 10 algorithms) as well as the widely popular nowadays machine learning (ML). Specifically, 11 for each of these formulations, we ran a query as follows: cproblem formulation> AND 12 <"resource" OR "resource aware problems"> and sorted the results by relevance. Scopus 13 provides details on how relevance is computed² which considers: Number of hits, how 14 significant the word is, position in the document and occurrence in title, keywords etc., 15 proximity of terms and completeness in terms of the words from the query. Finally, out 16 of each of these queries we analyzed top 50 works in terms of problems in specific do-17 mains, using the given problem formulation. This has increased the number of sources 18 considered very considerably. Additionally, several new applications/domains have been 19 distinguished, along with new general type resources identified in the works. 20

Resource-aware Problems Across Domains with Resources and Problem Formulations

23 3.1. Resources, Formulations and Applications/Domains

Within this paper we use the term resource in a broad context that encompasses two
 classes of assets, that can refer to both physical and non-physical forms:

 problem specific resources – entities and assets that show up in the context of an optimization problem in a given domain. For instance, in the case of resource allocation in cloud computing, such resources would include: computational nodes with CPUs, GPUs, storage, network, applications.

 2. general resources – entities and assets that are of interest in optimization problems in potentially various domains that can exist either in a physical or in a non-physical form. Examples of these include: time, monetary/other cost, energy used, etc. As indicated before, these can in fact be metrics describing the use of particular physical resources e.g. response/execution time of an application run in a computer system at the given cost with a certain amount of energy used within the execution time frame.

In order to classify problems considered in possibly various domains, we have decided to distinguish selected, frequently used problem formulations/approaches used for stating problems formally which can be subsequently solved using specific algorithms. The formulations we distinguish are as follows: integer linear programming (ILP); dynamic programming (DP); greedy approach (GrA); evolutionary algorithms (EA), including genetic

² https://service.elsevier.com/app/answers/detail/a_id/14182/supporthub/scopus/

- 4 Paweł Czarnul and Mariusz Matuszek
- algorithms (GA) considered previously in paper [39] as well as the very popular machine
 learning (ML).
- ³ Furthermore, we aim at assignment of specific optimization problems considered in
- 4 research works to particular domains, i.e., cloud systems, grid systems, IoT, medical,
- ⁵ education, manufacturing etc.

6 **3.2.** Classification of Problems in Terms of Resources, Formulations and Domains

⁷ Classification of the research works, selected using the methodology outlined in Section 2,
⁸ was performed separately by problem formulation. Then, we recorded all found problem
⁹ domains in the given formulation in the respective tables. For each considered paper, we
¹⁰ identified a given specific optimization problem and classified it in terms of: resources /
¹¹ metrics used, formulation³ adopted (possibly more detailed description when applicable)
¹² and assignment to a particular domain. Classification of these is included in Tables 1,2,3,4,
¹³ 5 for ILP, GrA, DP, EA and ML respectively.

Table 1: Selected resource-aware problems by resources / metrics and domain, using ILP formulation

| problem description | resources / metrics | formulation | domain | bib |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|
| allocating resources for | human resources; | ILP | wildfire sup- | [145] |
| fighting forest fires | time; financial cost | | pression; wild- | |
| | | | fire simulation | |
| Mixed-Integer Linear | | ILP | general cross | [9] |
| Programming for Re- | resources for execut- | | domain applica- | |
| source Constrained Project | ing jobs | | ble | |
| Scheduling Problem | | | | |
| minimization of: electricity | solar energy; wind | MOMILP | energy sector | [193] |
| cost, CO2 emission, energy | | | | |
| import, fossil resource us- | | | | |
| age, maximization of: em- | hydroelectric energy; | | | |
| ployment, social acceptance | nuclear energy | | | |
| allocation of health care re- | | ILP | healthcare | [48] |
| sources (treatments, popula- | sources; financial | | domain; max- | |
| tion, healthcare programs) | cost | | imization of | |
| | | | benefit | |
| finding the minimum power | - | ILP | resource op- | [24] |
| loss configuration of the net- | network resources | | timization in | |
| work | | | power distribu- | |
| | | | tion networks | |
| site selection of a wind | energy; power plant | ILP | energy sector | [10] |
| power plant | | | | |
| | | | Continued on ne | xt page |

³ for explanation of less frequently appearing abbreviations see Appendix A

Research on Problem Formulations in Resource-aware Problems...

| | e 1 – continued from | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------|------------------|----------|
| | resources / metrics | | domain | bib |
| decision-CPM network in | | ILP | road construc- | [150] |
| order to obtain an overall op- | | | tion | |
| timum including time, cost, | | | | |
| quality and safety in a road | | | | |
| building project | | | | |
| scheduling resources in sys- | | ILP | hospital re- | [155] |
| tems that integrate humans | | | source man- | |
| with hardware and software | staff | | agement; | |
| components | | | simulation | |
| data assignment optimiza- | - · · | ILP | | [21] |
| tion in a hybrid heteroge- | time | | formance | |
| neous environment | | | computing | |
| cloudlet selection in the | | ILP | cloud comput- | [102] |
| multi-cloudlet environment, | network | | ing | |
| selection of cloudlet(s), se- | | | | |
| lection of VMs for cloudlets | | | | |
| Data-center power-aware | | ILP | | [58] |
| management, efficient | | | formance | [154] |
| utilization of available | time | | computing | |
| resources | | | | |
| scheduling of satellite obser- | | ILP | satellite Earth | [34] |
| vations | ties of satellites; mis- | | observations | |
| | sion time constraints | | | |
| hospital capacity assessment | - | MILP | healthcare | [30] |
| | number of patients; | | | |
| | treatment time | | | |
| agricultural water manage- | | MILP | agriculture; wa- | [184] |
| ment under uncertainty | ecological wa- | | ter allocation | |
| | ter requirements; | | | |
| | uncertainty levels | | | |
| - | cost; reliability; re- | MILP | generic pre- | [111] |
| scheduling | sources; | | ventive mainte- | |
| | | | nance | |
| mobile workforce schedul- | | MILP | mobile work- | [192] |
| ing | cost; teams; task | | force schedul- | |
| | | | ing | |
| Volt/var optimization of un- | | MILP | power distribu- | [25] |
| balanced power distribution | - | | tion networks | |
| networks | embedded generators | | | |
| selection of an appropriate | | | military opera- | [15] |
| agent in a military con- | | | tions | |
| frontation | combat forces | | | |
| | | | Continued on ne | ext page |

 Table 1 – continued from previous page

| Table 1 – continued from previous page | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------|------------------|---------|--|--|
| problem description | resources / metrics | formulation | domain | bib | | |
| allocation and sequencing of | | MILP | healthcare | [107] | | |
| elective operations on hospi- | | | | | | |
| tal operating rooms | schedule | | | | | |
| continuous berth allocation | quayside resources; | ILP | ship terminal | [181] | | |
| | vessels; time; | | management | | | |
| bus scheduling | bus seats demand; | MILP | public transport | [116] | | |
| | bus seats supply; | | scheduling | | | |
| optimization of building en- | | | smart grid; | [71] | | |
| ergy use | electricity cost; grid | | smart home | | | |
| | power import/export | | | | | |
| | schedule | | | | | |
| carrier optimization in wire- | | MILP | | [183] | | |
| less localization networks | power allocation; | | works | | | |
| | spectrum allocation | | | [0] | | |
| optimization of humanitar- | the second se | MILP | disaster re- | [2] | | |
| ian aid resource distribution | | | sponse | | | |
| time | time; aid resources | | | | | |
| | demand | чъ | | [02] | | |
| telescope network schedul- | | ILP | astronomy | [93] | | |
| ing | vations; preferences | ΠЪ | | F 4 1 3 | | |
| planning and operations of | | ILP | smart grid; re- | [41] | | |
| renewable energy-based dis- | | | newable energy | | | |
| tributed power systems | energy sources; op- | | | | | |
| | timal energy source sizes | | | | | |
| optimization of multi-period | | MIL D | streetlight | [144] | | |
| investment planning in street | | WIILF | systems; invest- | [144] | | |
| lighting systems | of the system; avail- | | ment planning | | | |
| ingitting systems | able technologies | | ment planning | | | |
| optimal selection and sizing | | MILD | low-energy | [11] | | |
| of a smart building system | electrical storages; | IVIIL/I | building design | [11] | | |
| or a smart bunding system | heating and cooling | | building design | | | |
| | systems; renewable | | | | | |
| | energy sources; | | | | | |
| | policies; cost | | | | | |
| dynamic optimal nurse | nurses; tasks; con- | П.Р | healthcare | [72] | | |
| scheduling | straints; locations; | 11/1 | neurineure | L'~J | | |
| seneduling | preferences; work | | | | | |
| | regulations | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| Table 2: Selected resource-aware | problems by | resources / | metrics | and domai | n, using |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------|----------|
| greedy formulation | | | | | |

| dynamic multi-user resource allocation in the downlink channels; power consumption minimization scheduling of flows from throughput; loss; durous applications in time (delay) overload states, downlink scheduling preparation of educational human resources; cation allocating resources in Vir- processing power; dual Sensor Networks, max- bandwidth; storage; imizing revenue of multi- time; energy ple concurrent applications' scheduleGrAresource allocation; telecomm.[13]Set Covering Problem as a gement Maximizing utility and rev- processing power; fuitals scheduling on heteroge- sourcesGrAVirtual Sensor virtual Sensor Networks, max- bandwidth; storage; imizing revenue of multi- time; energy ple concurrent applications' schedule[13]Set Covering Problem as a gement maximizing utility and rev- processing power; scheduleGrAresource man- agement datacenter provisioning [137]Reducing task duplication in computing on heteroge- sources neous distributed systems Task offloading and resource computational schedulingGrAgrAresource- allocation in computational schedulingresources; communi- computing neous distributed systems Task scheduling in a cloud energy consumption; (computing environment, time with time and energy constraints radio resource allocation link performance; GrAGrAcloud com- puting[165] uting[165] puting[165] putingcontinued on next pagelink performance; GrAGrAcloud com- puting | | resources / metrics | formulation | domain | bib |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|
| of OFDMA system, power consumption consumption minimization scheduling of flows from throughput; loss; various applications in time (delay) overload states, downlink scheduling preparation of educational schedule in the higher edu- classes; courses; cation time; cost allocating resources in Vir- tual Sensor Networks, max- bandwidth; storage; imizing revenue of multi- ple concurrent applications' schedule Set Covering Problem as a generic resources; template for resource man- time agement Maximizing utility and rev- processing power; multime; cost allocation resources memory; storage in virtual machine allocation Reducing task duplication in computational re- task scheduling on heteroge- neous distributed systems Task offloading and resource Resource-aware fluid computational scheduling task scheduling in a cloud energy constraints radio resource allocation in time and energy constraints radio resource allocation in time and energy constraints radio resource allocation in the freence manage- cell throughput ment in time and energy constraints radio resource allocation in the freence manage- cell throughput in ent in the freence manage- cell throughput in ent in the freence manage- cell throughput in ent in the freence manage- constraints radio resources allocation interference manage- cell throughput in ent in the freence manage- in the freence manage- cell throughput in ent in the freence manage- in th | | | GrA | resource | [121] |
| consumption minimization scheduling of flows from traious applications in time (delay)GrkAresource allocation; telecomm.various applications overload states, downlinktime (delay)GrAresource[53] allocation; telecomm.preparation of educational scheduling preparation of educational human resources; cationhuman resources; toressing power; GrAGrAeducation[133]schedule in the higher edu- classes; courses; time; cost allocating resources in Vir- processing power; scheduleGrAVirtual Sensor[27]tual Sensor Networks, max- binzing revenue of multi- ple concurrent applications' schedulesenergy time; energy time; energy ple concurrent applications' scheduleGrAresource man- agement datacenter[156] agement agementMaximizing utility and rev- enue of hardware resources in virtual machine allocation neducing task duplication in computational re- task scheduling on heteroge- sources computing neous distributed systems Task offloading and resource computational resources; communi- incation resources; fluidsGrApower net- physics mod- eling[98]task scheduling the and energy constraints radio resource allocation interference manage- ecell throughput mentGrAcloud com- puting[161] | | · • | | allocation; | |
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| Reducing task duplication in computational re- task scheduling on heteroge- neous distributed systems Task offloading and resource computational allocation in power network resources; communi- monitoring (PIoT) cation resources Resource-aware fluid computational computational resources; commu- nication resources; commu- nication resources; fluids task scheduling in a cloud energy consumption; GrA cloud com- puting environment, time and energy constraints radio resource allocation link performance; GrA telecomm. [161] | | memory; storage | | provisioning | [137] |
| task scheduling on heteroge- neous distributed systems Task offloading and resource allocation in power network monitoring (PIoT) Resource-aware fluid scheduling task scheduling in a cloud computing environment, with time and energy constraints radio resource allocation and interference manage- cell throughput ment cation resources communi- cation resources communi- cation resources communi- cation resources communi- cation resources communi- cation resources communi- cation resources communi- cation resources communi- cation resources communi- nication resources; fluids computing constraints radio resource allocation computing constraints radio resource allocation computing communi- cell throughput communi- cell throughput communi- cel | | commutational re- | Cal | distributed | [1] |
| neous distributed systems Task offloading and resource allocation in power network monitoring (PIoT) Resource-aware scheduling task scheduling in a cloud computing mication resources; fluids task scheduling in a cloud computing environment, with time and energy constraints radio resource allocation link performance; GrA GrA GrA cloud com- puting GrA telecomm. [161] 161] | | | UIA | | [1] |
| Task offloading and resource allocation in power network monitoring (PIoT)computational resources; communi- cation resourcesGrApower work moni- toring[98]Resource-aware schedulingfluid computational resources; commu- nication fluidsGrAphysics mod- eling[182]task scheduling in a cloud computing environment, with time and energy constraints radio resource allocationenergy consumption; timeGrAcloud com- puting[165]and interference mentlink cell throughput mentgrAtelecomm.[161] | C C | sources | | computing | |
| allocation in power network resources; communi- monitoring (PIoT) cation resources Resource-aware fluid computational resources; commu- nication resources; commu- nication resources; fluids task scheduling in a cloud energy consumption; GrA cloud com- computing environment, time cloud energy consumption; GrA cloud com- with time and energy constraints radio resource allocation link performance; GrA telecomm. [161] and interference manage- cell throughput | | computational | GrA | nower net- | 1981 |
| monitoring (PIoT)cation resourcestoringResource-awarefluidcomputationalGrAphysics mod-schedulingresources; commu-elingelingincationresources; commu-fluidsfluidstask scheduling in a cloudenergy consumption;GrAcloud com-computingenvironment,timeputingwithtimeandenergyfluidsconstraintslinkperformance;GrAtelecomm.radioresource allocationlinkperformance;GrAandinterferencemanage-cell throughputfloid | | | UIA | 1° | [70] |
| Resource-aware fluid computational scheduling fresources; communication resources; fluids task scheduling in a cloud energy consumption; GrA cloud computing environment, time and energy constraints radio resource allocation link performance; GrA telecomm. [161] and interference manage- cell throughput | | | | | |
| scheduling resources; commu- nication resources; fluids task scheduling in a cloud energy consumption; computing environment, with time and energy constraints radio resource allocation link performance; and interference manage- cell throughput energy consumption (GrA cloud com- puting puting [165] (165] puting [165] (165) (165] (165] (165) | | | GrA | | [182] |
| nication resources; fluids task scheduling in a cloud energy consumption; computing environment, with time and energy constraints radio resource allocation link performance; and interference manage- ment GrA telecomm. [165] | | - | GITT | | [102] |
| fluids task scheduling in a cloud computing environment, with time and energy constraints radio resource allocation and interference manage- ment cloud com- time GrA cloud com- puting GrA telecomm. [165] GrA telecomm. [161] | Servers | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | •B | |
| task scheduling in a cloud energy consumption; GrA cloud com- computing environment, time cloud energy constraints radio resource allocation link performance; GrA telecomm. [161] and interference manage- ment cell throughput | | , | | | |
| computing environment, time puting puting with time and energy constraints radio resource allocation link performance; GrA telecomm. [161] and interference manage- cell throughput ment | task scheduling in a cloud | | GrA | cloud com- | [165] |
| with time and energy constraints radio resource allocation and interference manage- ment cell throughput [161] | - | | | | |
| constraints radio resource allocation and interference manage- ment cell throughput [161] | 1 0 / | | | | |
| and interference manage- cell throughput ment | | | | | |
| and interference manage- cell throughput ment | radio resource allocation | link performance; | GrA | telecomm. | [161] |
| ment | and interference manage- | | | | - |
| Continued on next page | | ~ 1 | | | |
| | | | C | Continued on ne | xt page |

| Table 2 – continued from previous page | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|-------------|---------------|-------|--|
| problem description | resources | formulation | domain | bib | |
| allocation of resources for | network resources; | GrA | telecomm. | [47] | |
| data traffic in 5G networks | quality of service; | | | | |
| | resource scheduling | | | | |
| allocation of resources for | course resources; | GrA | online educa- | [173] | |
| online teaching | network; bandwidth; | | tion | | |
| | delay | | | | |
| dynamic battlefield resource | campaign resources | GrA | military | [160] | |
| scheduling | | | | | |
| combinatorial auctions in ef- | cloud resources; re- | aGrA | cloud com- | [35] | |
| ficient cloud resource allo- | source pricing | | puting | | |
| cation | | | | | |
| computing resource | computing resources; | dGrA | edge com- | [95] | |
| scheduling in the | QoS attributes; net- | | puting; IoT; | | |
| computing-aware network | work; tasks | | internet-of- | | |
| | | | vehicles | | |
| allocation or constrained | human resources; | GrA | manufacturing | [100] | |
| resources to multi-activity | | | industry | | |
| projects | als; | | | | |
| HW/SW partitioning in SoC | - | | | [167] | |
| design | time savings; task | | Chip design | | |
| | frequency; task area | | | | |
| relief resource allocation to | | | relief opera- | [61] | |
| areas of disaster | relief resource | | tions | | |
| | demand; relief | | | | |
| | resources | | | | |

Table 2 – continued from previous page

Table 3: Selected resource-aware problems by resources / metrics and domain, using dynamic programming formulation

| problem description | resources / metrics | formulation | domain | bib | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------|--|
| agriculture and natural re- | natural resources | DP | agriculture; | [86] | |
| sources management | | | natural re- | | |
| | | | sources | | |
| scheduling water resources; | water resources; cost | DP | power sys- | [32] | |
| minimization of cost of run- | | | tems | | |
| ning a hydroelectric system | | | | | |
| stochastic resource alloca- | generic resources; fi- | DP | general | [56] | |
| tion | nancial cost; time | | resource | | |
| | | | allocation | | |
| stochastic resource alloca- | ships; weapons; | DP | military real- | [130] | |
| tion | time; security | | time naval op- | | |
| | | | erations | | |
| Continued on next page | | | | | |

| | 3 – continued from | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------|
| problem description | resources / metrics | | domain | bib |
| HPC compute nodes alloca- | | DP | HPC | [29] |
| tion | resources; accelera- | | | |
| | tors; storage | | | |
| dynamic code loading | grid resources; power | DP | dynamic re- | [119] |
| | consumption | | configuration | |
| | | | of servers | |
| Balancing resources in | computational | DP | balanced | [125] |
| robotic vision | power; bandwidth; | | utilization of | |
| | responsiveness | | computing | |
| | | | resources | |
| integration of low cost wear- | energy; bandwidth; | DP | healthcare; | [6] |
| able sensors, processing of | | | clinical-level | |
| sensors' data at the cloud | | | continu- | |
| edge | The association of the second | | ous patient | |
| | | | monitoring | |
| Seamless image manipula- | still images | DP | image pro- | [12] |
| tion | sum muges | | cessing | [12] |
| task scheduling and resource | computing resources: | DP | distributed | [63] |
| allocation in distributed sys- | | | | [142] |
| tems | COSt | | processing | [131] |
| planning water resources | water resources | DIRSDP | water re- | [105] |
| management systems under | | DIKSDI | sources | [105] |
| uncertainty | | | | |
| hydraulics and water re- | water resources | DP | management agriculture; | [110] |
| sources simulating, optimiz- | water resources | Dr | water con- | [110] |
| | | | | |
| ing water transfer system | | | sumption | 1001 |
| | military resources; fi- | DP | | [80] |
| | nancial cost | | soldiers/ med- | |
| applications | | | ical support | |
| | | DD | location | 1071 |
| data center resource dy- | | DP | data center | [97] |
| namic scheduling for energy | | | optimization | |
| optimization, emission re- | physical resources | | | |
| duction | | | | |
| finding the optimal bidding | | | public tenders | |
| strategy for a firm | the firm | horizon | in oligopolis- | |
| | | semi-Markov | tic market | |
| | | DP | | |
| | bandwidth; user pro- | aDP | telecomm. | [75] |
| OFDM systems with rate | | | | |
| constraint to minimize | | | | |
| transmission power | | | | |
| | | (| Continued on ne | xt page |
| · | | | | - |

| Table 3 - | continued | from | previous | nage |
|-----------|-----------|------|----------|------|
| Table 5 | commucu | nom | previous | page |

| | 3 – continued from | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------|
| problem description | resources / metrics | | domain | bib |
| sensor resource manage- | time to acquire tar- | | surveilance | [171] |
| ment | get; target priorities; | | (civil and | |
| | sensor field of view | | military) | |
| optimization of energy pur- | energy sources | DP | energy market | [109] |
| chase and production | | | | |
| dynamic fleet management | vehicles; vehicle | aDP | vehicle fleet | [64] |
| | states; customer | | management | |
| | demands | | | |
| optimization of resource al- | | DP | industry | [172] |
| location in a factory | sources; profit | | | |
| price management, maxi- | customer; resource | aDP & sDP | price manage- | [57] |
| mizing revenue | (requests) | | ment systems | |
| optimization of water treat- | water resource; re- | DP | environmental | [187] |
| ment and allocation | source state | | resources al- | |
| | | | location | |
| resource allocation in R&D | project; activities; | DP | cost optimiza- | [87] |
| projects | cost; | | tion in R&D | |
| | | | projects | |
| resource allocation to cloud | storage; efficiency; | aDP | cloud com- | [141] |
| storage | load | | puting | |
| operation of a water reser- | water reservoirs; | DP | water re- | [17] |
| voir system | reservoir state; | | source plan- | |
| | operation policy | | ning | |
| resource-constrained project | resources; resource | aDP with | applicable to | [175] |
| scheduling | availability | Markov deci- | many fields | |
| - | | sion process | - | |
| resource allocation in indus- | human resources; | DP | heavy indus- | [62] |
| trial maintenance | equipment; time | | try | |
| finding optimal preventive | maintenance re- | DP | power dis- | [14] |
| maintenance budget in | sources; reliability | | tribution | |
| power distribution network | constraints | | networks | |
| with reliability constraints | | | | |
| resource allocation in sliced | rate; latency; reliabil- | DP with hier- | telecomm. | [153] |
| 5G radio access networks | ity; separation | archical auc- | | |
| | | tion | | |
| assembly line balancing | resource constraints; | DP | manufacturing | [135] |
| | task precedence rela- | | | _ |
| | tions | | | |
| optimization of regional in- | labor; capital; | grey DP | economy | [126] |
| dustrial structure develop- | energy; natural | | - | _ |
| ment | resources; techno- | | | |
| | logical progress | | | |
| | | C | Continued on ne | xt page |

Table 3 – continued from previous page

Research on Problem Formulations in Resource-aware Problems...

| problem description | resources / metrics | formulation | domain | bib | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------|-------|--|--|
| reducing stochastic errors | computational re- | DP | metrology | [113] | | |
| in accelerometers and gyro- | sources | | | | | |
| scopic sensors | | | | | | |

Table 3 – continued from previous page

Table 4: Selected resource-aware problems by resources / metrics and domain, using evolutionary algorithms

| problem description | resources / metrics | | domain | bib |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------|
| resource provisioning and | | GA | cloud comput- | [31] |
| scheduling in uncertain | deadlines imposed | | ing | |
| cloud environments | | | | |
| resource-constrained project | | GA | cross domain | [82] |
| scheduling with transfer | transfer time | | applicable prob- | |
| times | | | lem formulation | |
| resource constrained multi- | | GA | cross domain | [66] |
| project scheduling | time | | applicable prob- | |
| | | | lem formulation | |
| resource constrained project | | multiple GA | cross domain | |
| scheduling - comparison of | time | | applicable prob- | |
| GAs | | | lem formulation | |
| | | GA parameter | | [162] |
| | | tuning | | |
| | | decomposition | | [43] |
| | | based GA | | 54.407 |
| | | quantum | | [149] |
| | | inspired GA | | 50.13 |
| | | Elitist GA | | [94] |
| construction scheduling | generic resources; | GA | general problem | [163] |
| | bridge; time | | formulation; | |
| | | | bridge construc- | |
| | •1•. | C • | tion | 550 513 |
| troops-to-tasks problem | military resources; | GA | | [52,51] |
| | time | | applications | E 4 0 1 |
| grid resource allocation | grid resources; time | GA | grid computing | |
| regional drinking water sup- | water resources; fi- | GA | water resource | [166] |
| ply | nancial cost; ecolog- | | research | |
| | ical value; energy | C • | | 1001 |
| groundwater management | water resources; fi- | GA | water resource | [88] |
| | nancial cost; environ- | | research | |
| | mental value; time | C • | 1 1.1 | [1.40] |
| surgery scheduling | hospital resources; | GA | healthcare sec- | [143] |
| | time | | tor | |
| | | | Continued on ne | ext page |

11

| Table 4 – continued from previous page | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|-------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| problem description | resources / metrics | | domain | bib | | | | |
| U | | GA+PSO | manufacturing | [54] | | | | |
| flexible manufacturing | buffers; material; | | system | | | | | |
| systems (FMS) | tool-changing de- | | | | | | | |
| | vices; fixtures; | | | | | | | |
| | pallets; time | | | | | | | |
| protection of marine envi- | | GA | environmental | [194] | | | | |
| ronment and allocation of | mental burden | | protection | | | | | |
| response vessels to mini- | | | | | | | | |
| mize costs of oil spill at sea | | | | | | | | |
| Power aware resource re- | resources; power | GA | cloud comput- | [44] | | | | |
| configuration | consumption | | ing | | | | | |
| processing of time- | resources; power | GA | mobile edge | [83] | | | | |
| | limitations | | computing | | | | | |
| in mobile edge computing | | | | | | | | |
| power-aware allocation of | | GA | cloud comput- | [134] | | | | |
| virtual machines in a cloud | sumption | | ing; virtualiza- | | | | | |
| | | | tion | | | | | |
| Solving resource constraints | fog computing re- | GA | Fog-cloud com- | [74] | | | | |
| in fog computing | sources | | puting; Internet | | | | | |
| | | | of Things | | | | | |
| virtual network embedding | | GA | network virtual- | [190] | | | | |
| onto underlying physical in- | | | ization | | | | | |
| frastructure | topology | | | | | | | |
| scheduling in grid resource | grid resources; cost; | EA + learning | grid computing | [159] | | | | |
| management | time | | | | | | | |
| design of combinational | circuit; gate; cost; | EA | electronics | [185] | | | | |
| logic circuits | time | | | | | | | |
| dynamic multicast routing | network topology; | EA | telecomm. | [176] | | | | |
| with network coding | cost; time | | | | | | | |
| multi-agent coalition forma- | agents; tasks; cost; | IMOEA | multi-agent pro- | [177] | | | | |
| tion | time | | cessing | | | | | |
| employment level planning | | GA+HEA | project manage- | [146] | | | | |
| for assigned construction | project; time | | ment | | | | | |
| project lead time | | | | | | | | |
| optimization of subcarrier | the second se | EA | telecomm. | [99] | | | | |
| allocation and transmit | | | | | | | | |
| power | | | | | | | | |
| multi-period dynamic emer- | roads; time | MOEA/D- | post-disaster | [189] | | | | |
| gency resource scheduling | | mdERS | emergency re- | | | | | |
| | | | source schedul- | | | | | |
| | | | ing | | | | | |
| resource planning and | space resources | PEA | space (satellite) | [96] | | | | |
| scheduling of payload | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Continued on ne | xt page | | | | |
| L | | | | | | | | |

| Table 4 – continued from | i previous page |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
|--------------------------|-----------------|

Research on Problem Formulations in Resource-aware Problems... 1

| problem description | resources / metrics | formulation | domain | bib |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------|------|
| order quantities in a multi- | storage; cost | two-phase EA | retail | [81] |
| item inventory with con- | | | | |
| straints on storage space and | | | | |
| capital | | | | |

 Table 4 – continued from previous page

Table 5: Selected resource-aware problems by resources / metrics and domain, using machine learning formulation

1

| problem description | resources / metrics | formulation | domain | bib |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|
| | network resources | sML, RL | wireless | [76] |
| mization of the downlink | | | systems; | [140] |
| communication [76], re- | | | telecomm. | [89] |
| source allocation for 5G | | | | |
| [140], medium access con- | | | | |
| trol in 6G [89] | | | | |
| fog computing resource | cost; energy; | NN, RL, DT, | fog computing | [50] |
| management review | throughput; time; | etc. | | |
| | task | | | |
| resource planning system | groceries; customer; | ML | grocery retail | [178] |
| for grocery retail delivery | driver; cost | | | |
| services | | | | |
| highlighting geologic sweet | natural resources | ML | geology | [28] |
| spots for multiple US on- | | | | |
| shore basins | | | | |
| ML for tourism informa- | cost; tourism re- | GBDT, | tourism; econ- | [191] |
| tion system, optimization of | sources | Lambdamart | omy | |
| economy of scenic spots | | | | |
| using ML for hydrological | water resources; cost; | ANNs, | water resources | [128] |
| modeling, flood forecasting, | time | RMTs, DL, | management | |
| drought prediction, water re- | | RNNs, LSTM | | |
| source management | | | | |
| compression of quantum | information | ML | quantum com- | [127] |
| data | | | puting | |
| identification of groundwa- | water resources | EBM, GAMI- | water resource | [40] |
| ter potential zones | | net | research | |
| pronominal coreference res- | text corpus | KNN, LR, | 00 | [16] |
| olution using machine learn- | | XGBoost | search | |
| ing | | | | |
| machine learning-based | | ML | wireless | [139] |
| handoff management in 5G | | | networks; | |
| networks | allocation | | telecomm. | |
| | | | Continued on ne | xt page |

13

¹⁴ Paweł Czarnul and Mariusz Matuszek

| Table 5 – continued from previous page | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| problem description | resources / metrics | | domain | bib | | | | | |
| interpretable machine learn- | | RMs, DTs, | public opinion | [106] | | | | | |
| ing methods and their ap- | sources | attention | research; so- | | | | | | |
| plications in the field of in- | | mechanisms, | cial network | | | | | | |
| formation resource manage- | | PDP, ICE, | | | | | | | |
| ment | | | healthcare; | | | | | | |
| | | SHAP | scientometric | | | | | | |
| | | | research | | | | | | |
| | natural resources | ML | environmental; | [85] | | | | | |
| through machine learning | | | water resources | | | | | | |
| | | | management | | | | | | |
| | human resources | DTs, | human resource | | | | | | |
| engagement, appraisal, | | LR[147], | systems man- | [77] | | | | | |
| organizational culture pre- | | sML[77] | agement | | | | | | |
| diction [147], recruitment | | | | | | | | | |
| procedures[77] | | | | | | | | | |
| mineral resource estimation, | natural resources | | management | [108] | | | | | |
| exploration | | | of natural re- | [46] | | | | | |
| | | | sources | [26] | | | | | |
| | | MRE, mostly | | | | | | | |
| | | RF, neuro- | | | | | | | |
| | | fuzzy, SVM, | | | | | | | |
| | | and ANN ML RL, ANNs | computer | [110] | | | | | |
| multi-core resource manage- ment | computer resources | KL, AININS | computer resource man- | [112] | | | | | |
| ment | | | | | | | | | |
| water quality prediction | water resources; time | DNNs | agement water research | [157] | | | | | |
| water quality prediction | water resources, time | DIVINS | water research | [104] | | | | | |
| workload prediction in | computer resources; | ISTM | serverless com- | | | | | | |
| serverless environments | cost | ARIMA, | puting | [125] | | | | | |
| serveness environments | 0051 | VAR | putting | | | | | | |
| sharing digital education | information; training | | education | [179] | | | | | |
| | resources; students | NNs | | [168] | | | | | |
| personalized learning[168] | | | | [] | | | | | |
| increasing the resource ef- | screws: cost | DT. SVM. | manufacturing | [114] | | | | | |
| ficiency of screw-fastening | | ANNs | 6 | | | | | | |
| process | | | | | | | | | |
| predicting confirmed cases | medical resources | ML | medical | [7] | | | | | |
| and trend, classification and | | | | | | | | | |
| diagnosis, medical manage- | | | | | | | | | |
| ment | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Continued on ne | xt page | | | | | |
| L | | | | | | | | | |

Table 5 – continued from previous page

Research on Problem Formulations in Resource-aware Problems... 15

| problem description resources / metrics formulation domain | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|------------|--------------|------------------|-------|--|
| problem description | | | | | bib | |
| resource provisions, | cloud | resources; | regression, | cloud resource | [164] | |
| scheduling, alloca- | time; cost; | energy | NNs, DTs | , management | [67] | |
| tion, energy effi- | | | RL, SVM | | [103] | |
| ciency, resource[164] | | | | | | |
| management[67] resource | | | | | | |
| scheduling[103] | | | | | | |
| resource-efficient computa- | computer | resources; | ML + back | - IoT; edge com- | [19] | |
| tion offloading in IoT de- | time | | ward induc | - puting; cloud | | |
| vices | | | tion | computing | | |
| project resource allocation | project | resources; | SVM | project manage- | [148] | |
| - · | cost; time | | | ment | | |
| water availability prediction | natural | resources; | NNs, LSTM | , water research | [104] | |
| | | | SVM, etc. | | | |
| intrusion detection system | computer | resources; | logistic re | - IoT | [42] | |
| for IoT | time; mem | ory | gression, | | | |
| | , í | - | passive- | | | |
| | | | aggressive | | | |
| | | | classifiers; | | | |
| | | | perception | | | |
| vehicular network resource | vehicles: | network: | | - vehicular dis- | [124] | |
| allocation strategy | cost; time | , , , | gression | tributed system | L 'J | |

| Table 5 – | continued | from | previous | page |
|-----------|-----------|------|----------|------|
|-----------|-----------|------|----------|------|

Additionally, during research we have encountered works that consider various and mixed formulations. Selected examples of these are shown in Table 6, described in terms

⁴ of the same features as works in the previous tables.

1

Table 6: Selected resource-aware problems by resources / metrics, mixed formulations

| problem description | resources / metrics | formulation | domain | bib | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| scheduling service based | time; cost | ILP, GA, | scientific | [38] | | | | |
| workflow applications with | | GAIN, | workflows; | | | | | |
| changeable service avail- | | divide-and- | business | | | | | |
| ability | | conquer | workflows; | | | | | |
| | | _ | mixed work- | | | | | |
| | | | flows | | | | | |
| performance and energy | execution time; en- | (Halton num- | HPC | [36] | | | | |
| trade-off analysis for run- | ergy | ber) sampling | | | | | | |
| ning parallel applications | | of configura- | | | | | | |
| on heterogeneous multi | | tion space for | | | | | | |
| processing systems | | Pareto front | | | | | | |
| | | generation | | | | | | |
| | Continued on next page | | | | | | | |

| Table 6 – continued from previous page | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| problem description | resources / metrics | formulation | domain | bib | | | | |
| performance-energy op- | time; energy | linear config- | HPC | [91,90,92 | | | | |
| timization for parallel | | uration space | | | | | | |
| applications using power | | exploration | | | | | | |
| capping, for CPUs and GPUs | | | | | | | | |
| tugboat allocation optimiza- | vessels; tugboats; | combined GA | marine re- | [169] | | | | |
| tion in container terminals | time | + ant colony | search | | | | | |
| | | optimization | | | | | | |
| approximate DP for re- | cloud resources; | approximate | cloud re- | [129] | | | | |
| source management in | time; revenue | DP, RL | source man- | | | | | |
| multi-cloud environments | | | agement | | | | | |
| allocation method of wind | natural resources; en- | EA, LP | wind en- | [188] | | | | |
| resources under the back- | ergy; cost | | ergy; natural | | | | | |
| ground of carbon neutraliza- | | | resource man- | | | | | |
| tion | | | agement | | | | | |
| comb jamming resource al- | data/information | greedy + EA | telecomm. | [174] | | | | |
| location algorithm | | | | | | | | |
| optimal financial investment | risk; benefit; time; fi- | DP and GA | investment | [65] | | | | |
| of limited resources in enter- | nancial resources | | management; | | | | | |
| prise | | | financial | | | | | |
| virtual network function | resource cost; delay- | ILP + greedy | software- | [186] | | | | |
| (VNF) scheduling and | satisfied request ratio | | defined | | | | | |
| deployment | | | networks; | | | | | |
| | | | telecomm. | | | | | |
| optimal multi-resource allo- | resources; tasks; | greedy + GA | big data | [170] | | | | |
| cation in big data mining | | | model train- | | | | | |
| model training | constraints | | ing | | | | | |

Table 6 – continued from previous page

1

We shall note that performing the extended search for the articles from the Scopus
database, we generally identified different articles than those in the original paper [39].
There was almost no overlap between current and previous search results. On the other
hand, though, the set of domains of identified problems in the two searches mostly matched.

6 4. Summary of Problem Formulations, Resources and Domains

⁷ Based on the classification of the research works shown in the previous section, we can
 ⁸ now perform comprehensive analysis concerning:

- 9 1. which resources are used in particular problem formulations referring to practical
 applications,
- 2. which problem formulations are typically used in particular applications and do mains,

- 1 3. which resources typically occur in the context of a given application and domain
- ² which in fact denotes which of these are considered in the process of an optimization
- ³ problem in a given domain.
- ⁴ Such analysis allows us to draw conclusions regarding whether:
- 5 1. a particular problem formulation is used in the majority of domains,
- 6 2. there are formulations that are specific for particular applications/domains,
- 7 3. there is a resource that is used only with a specific problem formulation.

It should be noted that this analysis was performed for the source data used within
this paper and outlined in Tables 1 through 6. This does mean that the following results
reflect the source data analyzed in the paper rather than the whole set of existing research
works.

We shall note during preparation of the following summary results we considered the 12 most frequently occurring resources, without problem-specific ones, as well as applica-13 tions. Integration of the results from the aforementioned tables required relevant gener-14 alization of terms used by respective authors in specific problem formulations. Further-15 more, in the following Tables 7 and 8, we counted occurrences of terms corresponding to 16 resources and domains per article i.e. possibly several energy-related terms in an article 17 shown before would be counted as one reference to energy. In Table 9 we placed counts of 18 relevant tuples of a resource and a domain and there can be several such tuples resulting 19 from one article. 20

Resources considered with various problem formulations are shown in Table 7.

Table 7: Resources identified in various problem formulations, notation: I/M - I denotes the number of occurrences in individual formulations, M – denotes the number of occurrences in mixed formulations

| resource | ILP | GrA | DP | EA | ML | mus | |
|---------------------------------|------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|--|
| time | 11/2 | 7/3 | 5/2 | 22/2 | 8/1 | 63 | |
| monetary resources | 10/3 | 1/2 | 6/1 | 9/2 | 9/ | 43 | |
| energy | 13/1 | 3/ | 5/ | 4/1 | 3/ | 30 | |
| human resources | 10/ | 2/ | 2/ | 1/ | 4/ | 19 | |
| computer, network, stor- age | 8/ | 17/ | 11/1 | 6/ | 8/1 | 52 | |
| natural resources | 5/1 | / | 8/ | 2/1 | 7/ | 24 | |
| Continued on next page | | | | | | | |

1

| Table 7 – continued from previous page | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|----|----|----|-----|--|
| resource | ILP | GrA | DP | EA | ML | sum | |
| resources in general problem formulations | 6/ | 6/ | 6/ | 8/ | / | 26 | |
| data/information | / | /1 | 1/ | /1 | 4/ | 7 | |
| sum | 70 | 42 | 48 | 59 | 45 | 264 | |

Applications that are considered in various problem formulations are presented in
 Table 8.

Table 8: Applications for which selected problem formulations are used, notation: I/M - I denotes the number of occurrences in individual formulations, M – denotes the number of occurrences in mixed formulations

| application | ILP | GrA | DP | EA | ML | sum | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|--|
| power/energy | 6/ | 1/ | 3/ | / | / | 10 | |
| general resource man- agement | 4/1 | 3/ | 4/ | 10/1 | / | 23 | |
| computer resource man- agement | 3/1 | 8/1 | 6/1 | 10/2 | 9/1 | 42 | |
| communication | 1/1 | 5/2 | 2/ | 3/1 | 4/ | 19 | |
| education | / | 2/ | / | / | 1/ | 3 | |
| natural resources man- agement | 3/1 | 1 | 8/ | 3/1 | 8/ | 24 | |
| military applications | 1/ | 1/ | 3/ | 1/ | 1 | 6 | |
| retail | / | 1 | 2/ | 1/ | 2/ | 5 | |
| tourism | 1/ | 1 | 1/ | 1 | 1/ | 3 | |
| manufacturing | / | 1/ | 4/ | 2/ | 1/ | 8 | |
| medical/health | 5/ | 1 | 4/ | 1/ | 3/ | 13 | |
| Continued on next page | | | | | | | |

| Table 8 – continued from previous page | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|--|
| application | ILP | GrA | DP | EA | ML | sum | |
| human resources man- agement | 2/ | 1/ | / | / | 1/ | 4 | |
| transport | 3/ | / | 1/ | 1/1 | / | 6 | |
| space | 2/ | / | / | 1/ | / | 3 | |
| disaster management | 1/ | 1/ | / | 1/ | / | 3 | |
| sum | 36 | 26 | 39 | 40 | 31 | 172 | |

 Table 8 – continued from previous page

Additionally, we identify how resources are considered within selected applications/domains.
 Such assessment, based on the reviewed papers, is included in Table 9.

1

| resource | power/energy | general res mgmt | computer res mgmt | communication | education | nat res mgmt | military | retail | tourism | manufacturing | medical/health | human res mgmt | transport | space | disaster management | sum |
|---|--------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------|--------|---------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|-------|---------------------|-----|
| time | / | 10/1 | 16/3 | 6/1 | 2/ | 4/ | 2/ | 1/ | / | 5/ | 4/ | 2/ | 4/1 | 1/ | 3/ | 66 |
| monetary resources | 4/ | 4/1 | 8/1 | 2/1 | 1/ | 5/1 | 1/ | 2/ | 1/ | 3/ | 2/ | 3/ | 3/ | 1/ | 3/ | 47 |
| energy | 9/ | / | 12/2 | 6/ | 1 | 4/1 | 1 | 1 | / | 1 | 1/ | 1 | 1/ | 1 | 1 | 36 |
| human resources | / | 1/ | / | 1/ | 2/ | / | 2/ | 2/ | 1/ | 2/ | 6/ | 4/ | 2/ | 1/ | 4/ | 28 |
| computer, network, stor- age | 7/ | / | 32/1 | 14/ | 2/ | / | 1/ | 1 | / | 1 | 2/ | 1 | 1/ | 1 | / | 60 |
| natural resources | 11/ | / | / | / | 1 | 22/ | / | 1 | / | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 33 |
| resources in general problem formulations | / | 14/ | 2/ | 1/ | / | 1/ | / | 1 | / | 1/ | 2/ | / | 2/ | 1 | / | 23 |
| Continued on next page | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 9: Resources identified in selected applications/domains

| resource | power/energy | general res mgmt | computer res mgmt | communication | education | nat res mgmt | military | retail | tourism | manufacturing | medical/health | human res mgmt | transport | space | disaster management | sum |
|------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------|--------|---------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|-------|---------------------|-----|
| data/information | / | 2/ | / | 1/ | 3/ | / | / | / | / | / | / | 1/ | / | / | / | 7 |
| sum | 31 | 33 | 77 | 33 | 10 | 38 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 11 | 17 | 10 | 14 | 3 | 10 | 300 |

| | Table 9 | - continued | from [•] | previous [*] | page |
|--|---------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------|
|--|---------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------|

² Based on this analysis we can draw the following conclusions:

All the problem formulations are similarly frequent across applications (total), as can
 be seen from Table 8. The same can be seen across the resources used, as shown in
 Table 7.
 Determining the second part of the most frequently.

8 2. Not surprisingly, as shown in Tables 7 and 9, time and cost are the most frequently
 7 addressed non-physical resources, followed by energy. Out of the physical resources,
 8 computer, network and storage devices are most frequently considered. Across appli 9 cations/domains, computer system management, natural resource management, gen 10 eral universally applicable resource management problems, and communication are
 11 the most frequently considered ones.

- ML targets all but general resources and appears in most of the specific contexts, as
 it is linked to particular applications. This also emphasizes its popularity nowadays.
- 4. While data/information as a resource is present during optimization using GrA+EA,
 DP and ML, it is not as frequently considered as the other resources like time, energy,
 cost.

5. From Table 8 we can see that within the set of papers analyzed, papers on tourism tend to use ILP, DP and ML approaches rather than GrA and EA. Retail domain seems to omit ILP and GrA formulations. While we know that ML can be used for disaster management e.g. in [33,78], this has not been visible in our set of papers, suggesting

management e.g. in [33,78], this has not been visible in our set of papers, suggesting
 it is an area worthy of further exploration. The same would apply to military and
 space domains.

6. From Table 9 we can see that time and cost are practically considered in all identified 23 fields, there is room for further energy-aware research in many fields, including: edu-24 cation, retail, tourism, manufacturing and transport. While, in some of these, energy 25 aspects can be considered within costs, energy considerations, especially concern-26 ing environmental impact, are becoming more and more important and are likely 27 to require more direct exposure. Other interesting cross resource domain combina-28 tions that could be further explored, in our opinion, include: more focus on human 29 resources in the computer resources management, as well as more focus on consid-30 eration of natural resources in contexts other than those specifically focused on nat-31 ural resource management, as visible in Table 9. Finally, data/information per se is 32

not deeply present as a resource in other domain-specific areas, other than in works specifically focused on general resource management models and algorithms, educa-2 tion, communication and social contexts.

5. **Summary and Future Work** 4

We were able to identify resources and metrics used in various problem formulations as well as problem formulations typically used in a given application/domain. Additionally, 6 we mapped particular resources to applications/domains which allows to draw conclusions about their perceived importance. 8

Resource identification in Table 9 shows that time and monetary resources are always considered as important, while energy is explicitly considered in 1/3rd of domains 10 and natural resources are given even less direct consideration. It would be interesting to 11 conduct a similar literature survey in, e.g., five years and check, whether increased aware-12 ness of energy cost and of demand pressure on natural resources will be reflected in the 13 repeated survey findings. Furthermore, the search for source research works could be ex-14 tended to include other scientific (indexing) databases, including: ACM DL, IEEE Xplore, 15 Web of Science etc. 16

Ongoing research in this field has a potential for new formulations. Such occurrences 17 could trigger a new research to amend our findings. 18

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18 A. Abbreviations

aDP - approximate Dynamic Programming; aGrA - adaptive Greedy Algorithm; ANN -19 Artificial Neural Network; ARIMA – Auto Regressive Integrated Moving Average; dGrA 20 - dynamic Greedy Algorithm; DIRSDP - Dual Interval Robust Stochastic Dynamic Pro-21 gramming; DNN - Deep Neural Network; DT - Decision Trees; EBM - Explainable 22 Boosting Machine; GBDT - Gradient Boosting Decision Trees; GrkA - Greedy knapsack 23 Algorithm; HEA – Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithm; ICE – Individual Conditional Expec-24 tation; IMOEA - Improved Multi-Objective Evolutionary Algorithm; KNN - k-nearest 25 neighbors; LIME – Local Interpretable Model-agnostic Explanations; LP – Linear Pro-26 gramming; LR - Logistic Regression LSTM - Long Short-Term Memory; MILP - Mixed 27 Integer Linear Programming MOEA/D-mdERS – Multi-Objective Evolutionary Algo-28 rithm for Dynamic multi-period dynamic Emergency Resource Scheduling; MOMILP -29 Multi Objective MILP; MRE – Most Relevant Explanation; NN – Neural Network; PDP 30 - Partial Dependence Plot; PEA - Plasmodium Evolutionary Algorithm; PFI - Permu-31 tation Feature Importance; PSO – Particle Swarm Optimization; RF – Random Forest; 32 RL – Reinforcement Learning; RMT – Regression and Model Trees; RNN – Recurrent 33 Neural Network; sDP – stochastic Dynamic Programming SHAP – SHapley Additive ex-34 Planations; sML – supervised Machine Learning; SVM – Support Vector Machine; SVR 35 - Super Vector Regression; VAR - Vector Auto Regression; wGrA - weighted Greedy 36 Algorithm. 37

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